



BA425: Global Practicum Sustainable Business in Iceland Winter 2019

Syllabus

Class Meets: Monday and Wednesday, 8-10 am January 14-April 23, 2018 Room B3570 3 Credits Professor Andrew (Andy) Hoffman Room R4390, Ross School Email: <u>ajhoff@umich.edu</u> Phone: 734-763-9455

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Course Overview

Sustainability has become a major element of business practice and business education today. Few, if any, companies can ignore the environmental issues of our day, whether they be climate change, water scarcity, ecosystem destruction, toxic pollution or one of the many others. For those companies that can think strategically about these issues, they can transform them from external threats or "externalities" to strategic opportunities. Wind farms and solar arrays, hybrid and electric vehicles, LED light bulbs, LEED certified buildings (like the Ross School), energy and water efficient appliances; these are but a short list of the kinds of innovations that are expanding market share for the companies that develop them (and strategic losses for those whose markets are cannibalized by them).

This course will offer an overview of the topic of business sustainability with a particular emphasis on the topic of climate change and the country of Iceland; a country that offers an unusual context for considering the issues of sustainability. Specifically, this course will address:

- 1. An overview of the issue of business sustainability, including case studies of business models for tapping the strategic potential created by sustainability and how companies can create opportunities from the issue.
- 2. An overview of the issue of climate change, including the science that explains it and the policy responses to address it.

- 3. A specific focus on the challenges and opportunities that climate change presents, particularly around energy (i.e. renewable energy) and mobility (i.e. alternative fuel vehicles and self-driving cars).
- 4. The unique context of Iceland for exploring these issues.

Given its location at the fault line between the European and North American tectonic plates, Iceland enjoys unparalleled access to geothermal energy, literally drawing energy from beneath the surface of the Earth. But the question remains how Iceland can harness this energy in a way that feeds its economy and helps it reduce its carbon footprint.

This action-based global course will include on-campus course sessions through the winter semester with travel to Iceland, which includes visits with company, academic and government representatives, interactions with locals, and excursions to glaciers and hot springs in the greater Reykjavik area.

Course Assessment and Grading

This course will apply the Ross School of Business mandated grade distribution for elective courses. For more information, go to: <u>https://www2.bus.umich.edu/MyiMpact/academics/bba-grading-scales-distribution</u>

You will be assessed on:

1. Individual Participation, both in class and in-country (20%)

Participation means more than attending course sessions, more than simply "speaking in class," and more than just "coming along for the ride." Instead, it assesses your substantive contribution to the course through your insightful comments, and your level of engagement with ideas introduced by the course instructors and other students. It is assessed in terms of both your informal and formal participation in the course.

2. Individual Journal (15%)

You will keep a journal covering personal reflections on two topics. First, what are your reflections on business sustainability? How do you feel about the issue of climate change and the role of business in developing solutions that will be necessary to address it? Second, what are your reflections and observations about Iceland? This is a unique and fascinating culture and context for addressing climate change? What have you learned about the culture, economy and politics and how is different or the same as those with which you are familiar? Think of this assignment as being something you will keep and return to over the years to remember your trip learnings. As such, is it more for your benefit than for a grade. Try to approach it in that spirit.

- a. As part of your journal, you will be required to prepare a one page dossier on interesting cultural, economic and political facts about Iceland, which you will share in **Session #11/13 on February 13/20** to help us get ready for our trip.
- b. Submit your final journal in <u>Session #16 on Monday March 18</u>, either a typed/hand written copy or the original (which will be returned to you).

3. Iceland Group Project (25%)

Your team will be assigned the task of teaching the rest of the class about a particular aspect of Iceland's history, economy and culture. Your deliverable will be a Powerpoint slide deck and a 10 minute presentation to the class in **Sessions #13 on February 20** to help everyone prepare for their upcoming trip.

4. **Final Group Project (40%)** In the 2015 Paris Climate Conference (or COP21), 195 countries agreed to reduce

greenhouse gas emissions "as soon as possible" and to do their best to keep global warming "to well below 2 degrees C". The focus of the efforts to meet these targets is energy, and every country will be required to analyze its own energy portfolio to consider how it will meet their allotted targets. To do its part, Iceland aims to contribute to European countries' collective target of reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions 40% by 2030 compared to 1990 levels, by focusing on the mobility, agriculture, fisheries, industrial processes, waste, and land use, land-use change and forestry (LULUCF) sectors. One interesting feature of Iceland's economy is that its heating and electricity production already comes from nearly 100% renewable geothermal energy (75% coming from hydropower and 25% from geothermal power), however cars require imported fossil fuels. In this project, you will analyze the Icelandic economy, both as it is now, and how it might evolve to become a leader in carbon reductions. Pick a specific sector and offer guidance that the Icelandic people might use to meet – or even exceed – their carbon reduction objectives. The final project will have three parts:

- a. Submit report in <u>Session #15 on Wednesday March 13</u>: Your paper should not be more than 15 pages (not including endnotes and attachments), double spaced, 12 point, times roman font with one-inch margins. Include a 1 page executive summary. Please reference your sources using the APA style.
- b. Presentation in <u>Session #15/16 on Wednesday March 13 or Monday March 18</u>: Your presentation should use Powerpoint and summarize your work in 10 minutes.
- c. Public Poster Presentation in Session #17 on Wednesday March 20.

Course Material

There is a course packet of case studies and a series of online readings for this course. This material should be supplemented by steady reading of contemporary environmental issues as published in *The New York Times, Wall Street Journal, Business Week* etc.

Course Structure

The course is divided into three interrelated phases: pre-departure, in-country experience, post-trip.

Phase 1: Pre-departure

The pre-departure phase consists of traditional classroom sessions, which will combine lectures, discussions, videos, guest speakers, and other activities. They are designed to prepare you for the four themes of the course – climate change, business sustainability, energy and mobility, and the culture, politics and economy of Iceland.

There will also be a full day of Global Practicum Training on <u>Sunday, January 27</u> (12:00pm to 5:00pm) which is <u>required</u> for participation in the program. This session will cover topics such as General Health and Safety (CDC and State Department Information locations, emergency card, etc), Program-specific Logistical Class (Location-specific dress code, food, crime rate, water potability, etc), and the Challenge Course.

There is also a required Cultural Intelligence Assessment that you must complete. You will receive an email inviting you to fill out the questionnaire. Once you do, please print your personalized report and be prepared to discuss it in **Session #8 on Monday, February 4.**

Phase 2: In-Country Experience

The in-country experience is an intensive week of academic, cultural, and social activities, including lectures, company visits, and professional meetings; cultural and social events; group research

time; and limited personal time. It is not a vacation. During the trip, you will also continue to document your personal experiences, and corresponding thoughts, feelings, and actions for your journal.

Phase 3. Post-Trip

The post-trip phase begins with a debriefing session, the goal of which is to help "repatriate" following the intensive week in Iceland. More importantly, however, it is meant to guide you as you begin to reflect on your journal.

The remainder of the post-fieldtrip trip phase is dedicated to the completion and presentation of your final project, presentation and poster. Coaching sessions with the course instructor, and sessions for feedback from other students, are designed to improve the quality of both its content and presentation.

<u>Sylabus</u>

<u>1. Pre-Departure Sessions</u>

Session #1	Introduction	Monday, 1/14		
READINGS:	Sustainable Business			
	"Communicating about climate change with corporate leaders and			
	stakeholders," Oxford Encyclopedia of Climate Change Communication.			
	• "The next phase of business sustainability," Stanford Social Innovation Review,			
	Spring 2018.			
READINGS:	Iceland			
	Inspired by Iceland – Official Tourism Site for Iceland			
	► <u>Iceland.is</u>			
	Lonely Planet – Iceland Travel			
VIDEO: Iceland Trip in 2017				
	<u>"Hail to the Victors" 115 feet below the surface</u> , Youtube, 20	17		
Session #2	The Science of Climate Change	Wednesday, 1/16		
GUEST:	Guest lecture: <u>Dr. Henry Pollack</u> , Department of Geophysics,	,		
READINGS:	READINGS: • Adalbjornsson, T. (2018) " <u>Meet Iceland's whaling magnate. He makes no</u>			
	apologies." New York Times, August 10.			
	Moore, T. (2017) " <u>Iceland's tourism boom – and backlash</u> ," Financial Times,			
	March 8.			
	► Jewell, N. (2017) " <u>Iceland building biodome community to b</u>	<u>e fully sustainable</u>		
	oasis," Inhabitat, February 2.			
	Valdimarsson, 0. (2016) " <u>Arr!' Forget icesave, Iceland's nex</u>	t scare is the pirate		
	party," Bloomberg, January 18			
	Robinson, E. and Valdimarsson, O. (2016) "This is where bar and a structure of the set of the se	<u>a bankers go to</u>		
	prison," Bloomberg, March 31.			

Session #3	Martin Luther King Day, No Class	Monday, 1/21	
Session #4	Sustainable Business and Climate Change	Wednesday, 1/23	
Session #4 READINGS: CASE: QUESTIONS:	Sustainable Business and Climate ChangeWednesday, 1/23"Climate change strategy: The business logic behind voluntary greenhouse gas reductions," California Management ReviewTravelers Insurance: Focusing on Climate Change and Natural Catastrophe Risk, 2013, WDI/Erb Institute Case 1-429-347.Is there a business case to be made to take action on climate change? What strategies should Evan recommend based on the particular business case? Should Travelers revise its catastrophe models to account for more extreme weather events? Could these adjustments make the company into a better underwriter, or will they cause the company to price itself out of the certain markets? Should the company change its policies to reflect the increasing likelihood of these events? Should it withdraw from specific regions, choose not to renew existing policies, or raise premiums for existing customers with high-risk exposure? Should it 		
Session #5	contractors to develop this data into useable business mo <u>Global Practicum Training</u> Room R1220 Climate Change Communication	odels? <u>Sunday, 1/27, 12-5pm</u> Monday, 1/28	
READINGS:	 Climate Change Communication "<u>Climate science as culture war</u>," Stanford Social Innovati 		
Session #7			
CASE: QUESTIONS:	 <i>Business Sustainability and Consumer Products</i> Wednesday, 1/30 <i>The Clorox Company Goes Green</i>, 2010, WDI/Erb Institute case study 1-428-989. The Clorox Company launched green household cleaning products line GreenWorks in 2008 and immediately commanded 40% of the market. Following stagnant sales in the early 2000s due to fierce competition with Procter and Gamble, Unilever and others, the company made a bold move into the green consumer market with the launch of GreenWorks, acquisition of Burt's Bees natural personal care products, and a strategic partnership with the Sierra Club. Where should Clorox go from here? Can Clorox leverage the success of GreenWorks in other areas? If so, how? Should Clorox switch strategies from fast follower to first mover? If so, how will this affect potential new "green" products? 		
Session #8	Sustainable Business, Water and Activism	Monday, 2/4	
CASE: QUESTIONS:	 Coke in the Cross Hairs: Water, India and the University of WDI/Erb Institute Case 1-429-098. Why should Coke even pay attention to the issues raised Michigan? How do you, as a corporate executive, know w social issues and not others? Does this one have merit? O Amy Landau really fail in her efforts to address water iss the four characters in the case fit together? Are their goal 	Michigan, 2010, at the University of then to attend to some On what grounds? Did ues in India? How do	

their tactics in opposition? Is the outcome a good one? More personally, where do you stand on the green continuum? There is no longer such thing a single green movement. There are shades of green, and the lines of the movement blur into the corporate sector. Are you a 'bright green" – believe that corporations are the solution -- or "dark green" – believe that corporations are the problem? Where will you most fit, given your interest in promoting sustainability? Is one right and one wrong?

<u>How driverless vehicles will redefine mobility a</u> <i>nversation.</i> <i>ueprint for Ford's Future: From Personal Autom</i> stitute Case 1-429-303 Ford headed in the right direction? Can Ford m r manufacturer to a provider of mobility service ake this transition? What are the key drivers be e company be positioned for long-term growth oposition within the context of the new mobili ughest challenges and greatest uncertainties/r s Ford protected itself from these risks? What rd business model as outlined in the "Blueprin mediate threats and opportunities to this busi rtnerships and nontraditional stakeholders in bes this exemplify a new model of business man d cons of the Zipcar partnership to each compa untry or a burgeoning megacity, would you loc	nobiles to Mobility, 2013, Erb make the transition from being a ces? If so, should the company ehind this shift? How should n? What is Ford's value ty market? What are the risks Ford is facing? How well are the critical challenges in the the for Mobility"? What are the ness model? What is the role of Ford's vision of the future? nagement? What are the pros	
<i>ueprint for Ford's Future: From Personal Autom</i> stitute Case 1-429-303 Ford headed in the right direction? Can Ford m r manufacturer to a provider of mobility service ake this transition? What are the key drivers be e company be positioned for long-term growth oposition within the context of the new mobili ughest challenges and greatest uncertainties/r s Ford protected itself from these risks? What rd business model as outlined in the "Blueprin mediate threats and opportunities to this busi rtnerships and nontraditional stakeholders in pes this exemplify a new model of business man d cons of the Zipcar partnership to each compa	hake the transition from being a ces? If so, should the company ehind this shift? How should a? What is Ford's value ty market? What are the risks Ford is facing? How well are the critical challenges in the at for Mobility"? What are the ness model? What is the role of Ford's vision of the future? nagement? What are the pros	
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	any? If you were a developing	
e the unique benefits/drawbacks Ford brings t her automotive companies/firms in other indu	ok to partner with Ford? What to the partnership (compared to astries)? Can you envision any	
forms of resistance that the advocates for these partnerships might encounter in Ford? How can Ford be a leader in resource-efficient, sustainable transportation and still be the company that sells SUVs like the Explorer? How should Ford market these products? How can Ford convince customers and potential		
ture, if you were David Berdish, what would yo		
Business Sustainability and Ocean Plastics	s Monday, 2/11	
ll: Upcycling Ocean Plastics through Supply Cha stitute case study #7-949-121		
Why would a company like Dell address a problem so large as the ocean plastics crises? How would you make the business case for such an effort within Dell, or another company? Can you imagine other similarly large problems that companies like Dell might tackle in the coming decades? What are the risks and benefits of Dell's strategy for incorporating ocean plastics in its packaging or products? How does Dell define additionality and does its approach truly achieve it? What future measures should Bhargava recommend for additionality, sourcing ocean plastics, improving the supply chain, producing other products, or establishing the consortium? Do the financials for this endeavor add up? If you were Kevin Brown, would you continue to devote resources to this effort? Why or why not?		
	d still be the company that sells SUVs like the I arket these products? How can Ford convince of rtners about its seriousness in entering the mo- ture, if you were David Berdish, what would you Business Sustainability and Ocean Plastics all: Upcycling Ocean Plastics through Supply Char stitute case study #7-949-121 hy would a company like Dell address a proble ises? How would you make the business case for other company? Can you imagine other similar mpanies like Dell might tackle in the coming do nefits of Dell's strategy for incorporating ocean oducts? How does Dell define additionality and hieve it? What future measures should Bharga urcing ocean plastics, improving the supply ch establishing the consortium? Do the financials u were Kevin Brown, would you continue to do	

Session #11	Iceland I	Wednesday, 2/13		
DUE: GUEST:	 Discuss your one page journal dossier (8:00-8:30). Guest lecture: Dr. Johann Gudionsson, School of Derma 	 Discuss your one page journal dossier (8:00-8:30). Guest lecture: <u>Dr. Johann Gudjonsson</u>, School of Dermatology, Icelandic native 		
00251.	(8:30-10)	atology, reclamate native		
Session #12	Iceland II	Monday, 2/18		
GUEST:	Guest lecture: Dr. William Miller, School of Law, author of <i>Bloodtaking</i>			
READINGS:	 and Peacemaking: Feud, Law, and Society in Saga Iceland (1990). Saga 1 – Thorstein the Staff Struck (on Canvas) 			
	Saga 2 – Audun and the Polar Bear (on Canvas)			
	Worrall, S. (2017) " <u>How much Viking lore is true</u> ," Nat 22.	ional Geographic, January		
Session #13	Iceland III	Wednesday, 2/20		
DUE:	 Continue to discuss your one page journal dossier (if necessary). 			
	 Presentations of Icelandic economy, industry, politics and people/culture. Final check-in before departure 			
	-			
 <u>2. In-Country Experience</u> ▶ Departure: Friday, March 1/Saturday, March 2 				
	 Return: Saturday, March 9 			
<u>3. Post Exper</u>	ience			
Session #14	Post Experience I	Monday, 3/11		
	► Debrief			
Session #15	Post Experience II	Wednesday, 3/13		
	► Final Project, presentation & poster preparation			
Session #16	Post Experience III	Monday, 3/18		
	 Presentation to class 			
Session #17	Post Experience IV	Wednesday, 3/20		
	 Poster Session P1500 (the Corner Commone) 			
	 B1590 (the Corner Commons) 			

Ross Community Values

Personal integrity and professionalism are fundamental values of the Ross community. A course of this nature— unlike other traditional courses— will put your integrity and professionalism to the test. Consequently, this course (especially the fieldtrip) will be conducted in strict conformity with the Academic Honor Code. The Code and related procedures can be found <u>here</u>. Any violation subjects the student to possible return home before the trip is complete.

Students with Disabilities

The Ross School of Business is committed to providing equal opportunity for participation in all programs, services, and activities. Request for accommodations by students with disabilities may be made by contacting the Services for Students with Disabilities (SSD) Office located at G664 Haven Hall, telephone number is 734.763.3000. Once your eligibility for an accommodation has been determined you will be issued a verified individual services accommodation (VISA) form. Please present this form to me at the beginning of the semester, or at least two weeks prior to the need for the accommodation (test, project, etc.).