THE 2022 SOUTH CAROLINA ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

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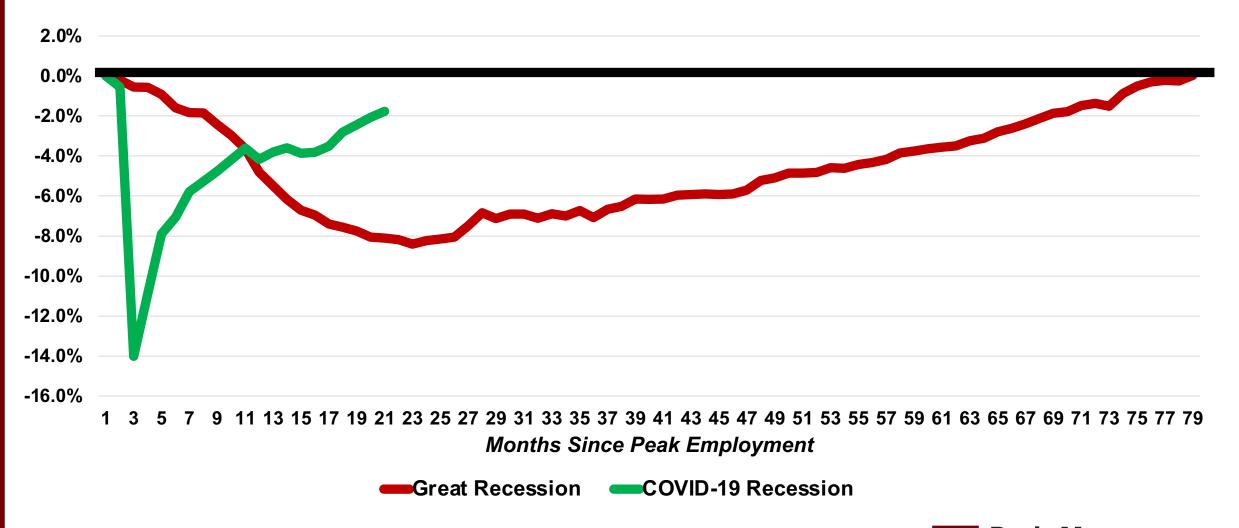
Darla Moore School of Business

COVID-19 WAS A PAUSE BUTTON ON THE GREAT EXPANSION





S.C. EMPLOYMENT AS PCT. OF PRE-RECESSION PEAK





PUSHING PLAY AGAIN IN 2022P

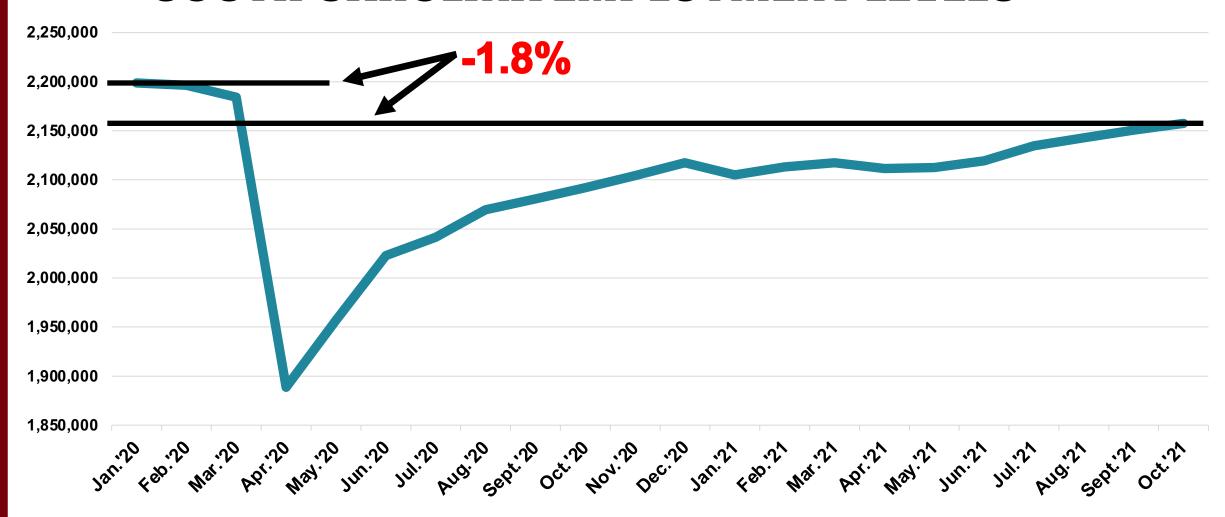




SUPPLY AND DEMAND



SOUTH CAROLINA EMPLOYMENT LEVELS

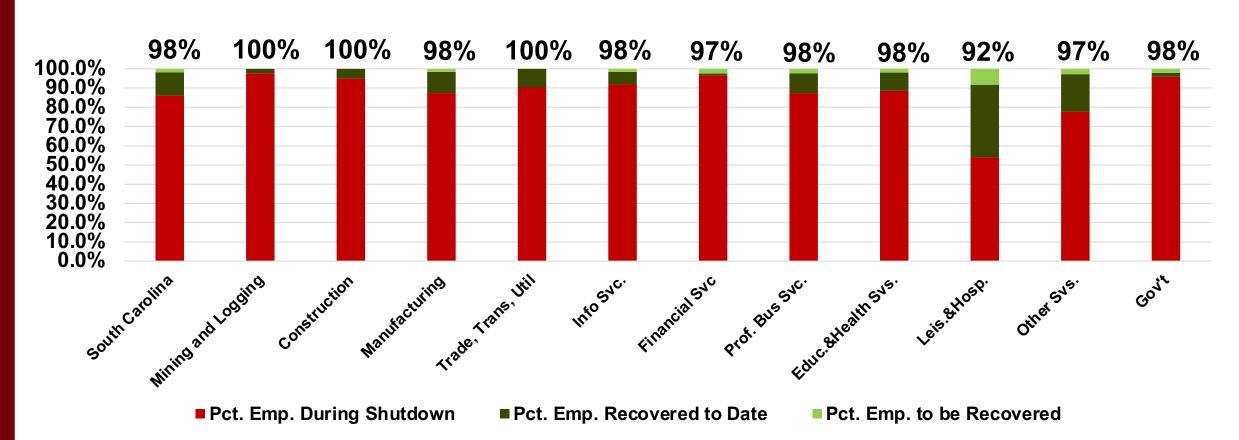


Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, CES, SA



SOUTH CAROLINA EMPLOYMENT RECOVERY

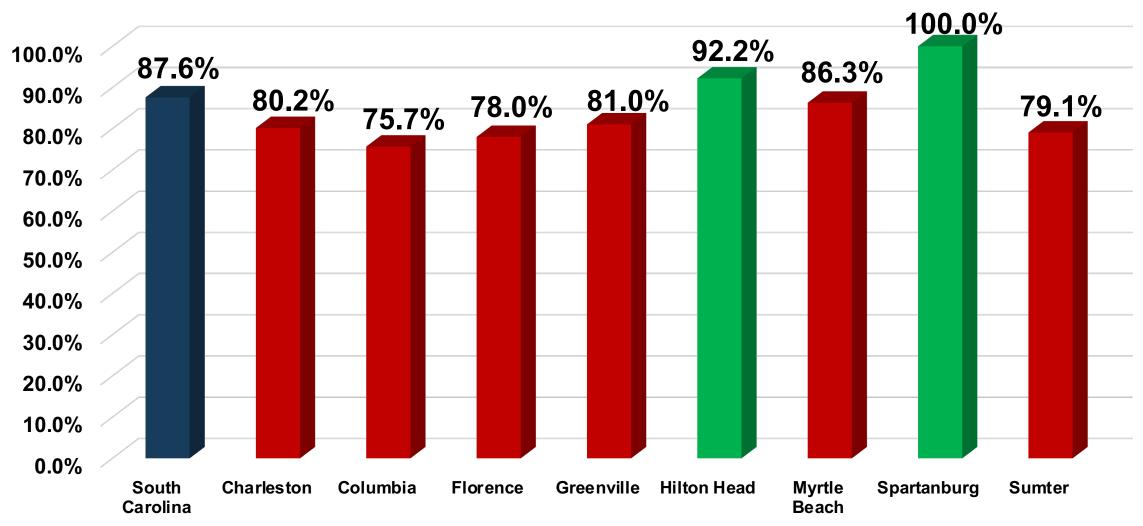
Gains and Losses by Industry Sector



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, CES-SA



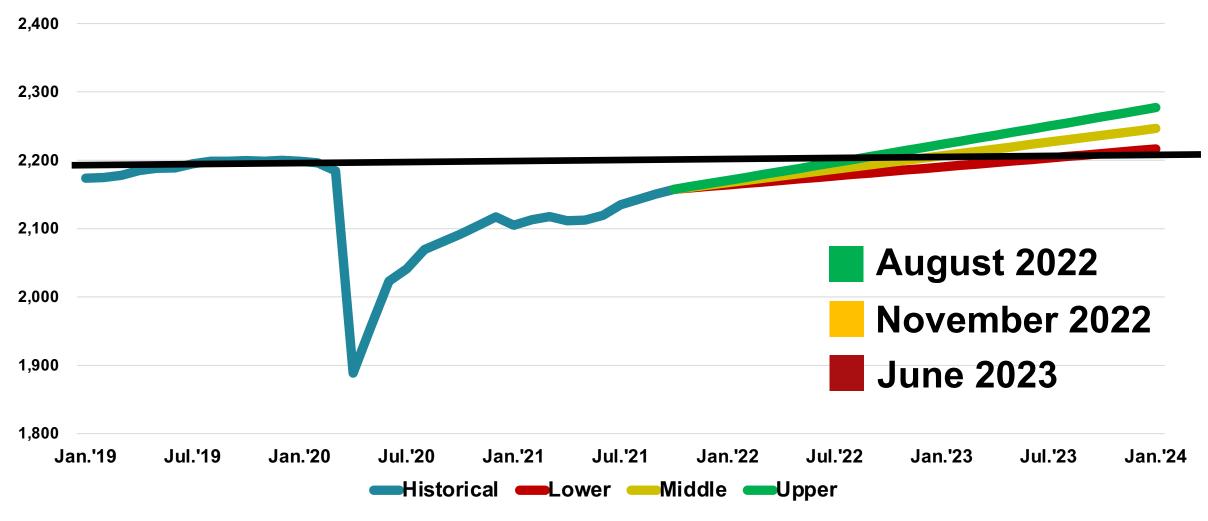
PCT. LOST JOBS RECOVERED SINCE FEB.'20



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, CES, SA



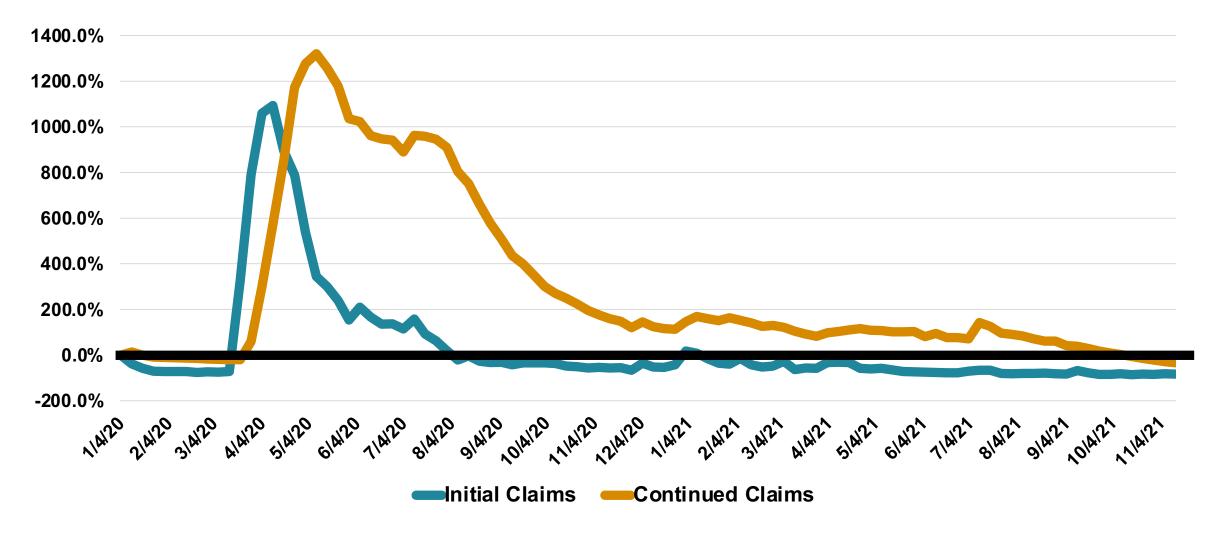
S.C. POSSIBLE EMPLOYMENT RECOVERY SCENARIOS



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, CES, SA & Division of Research



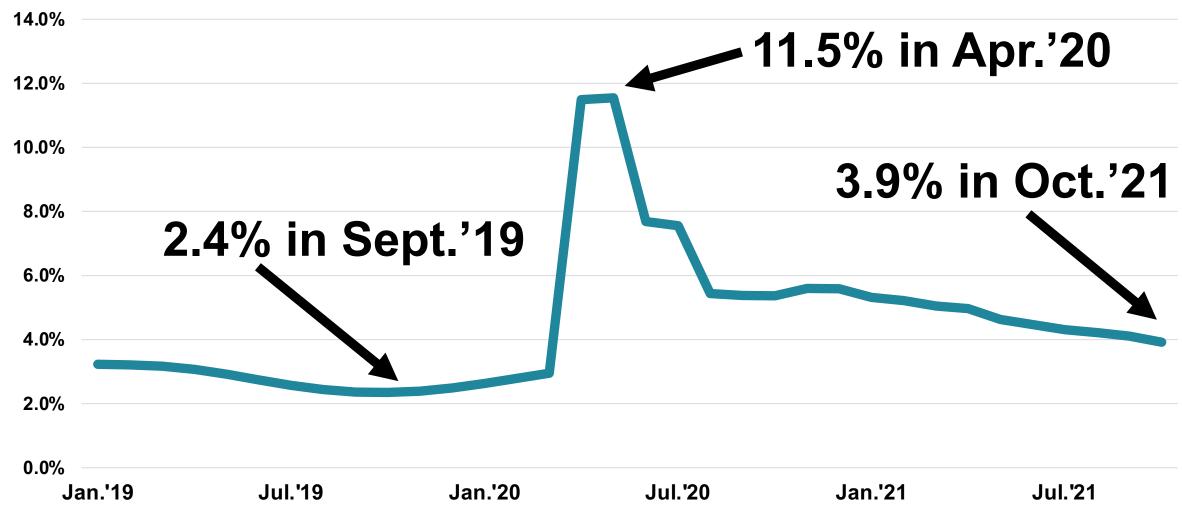
SOUTH CAROLINA UI CLAIMS AS PCT. OF CLAIMS IN JAN.'20



Source: U.S. Department of Labor



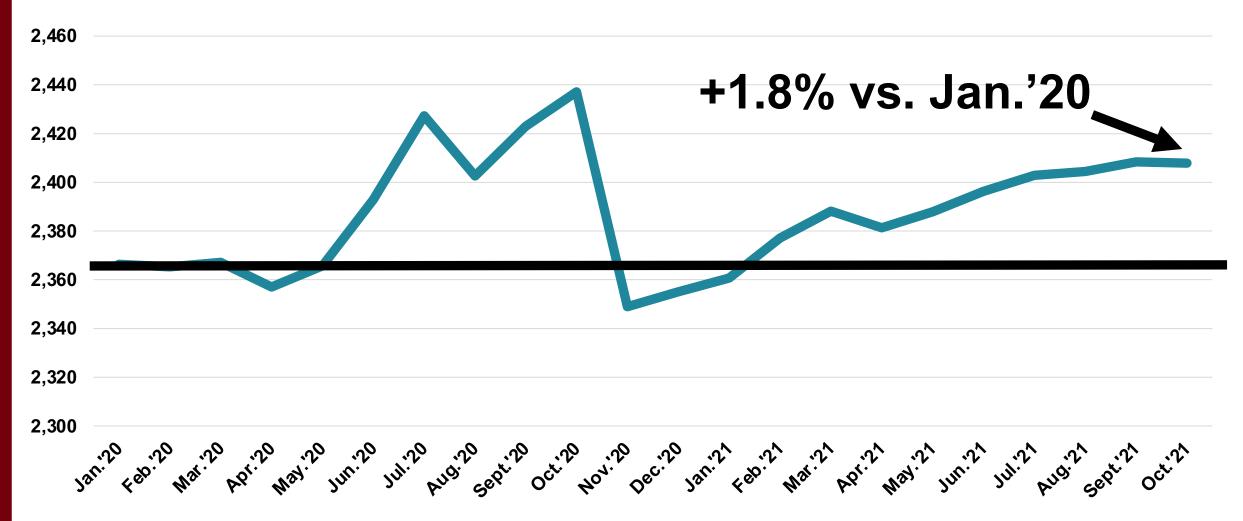
SOUTH CAROLINA UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics



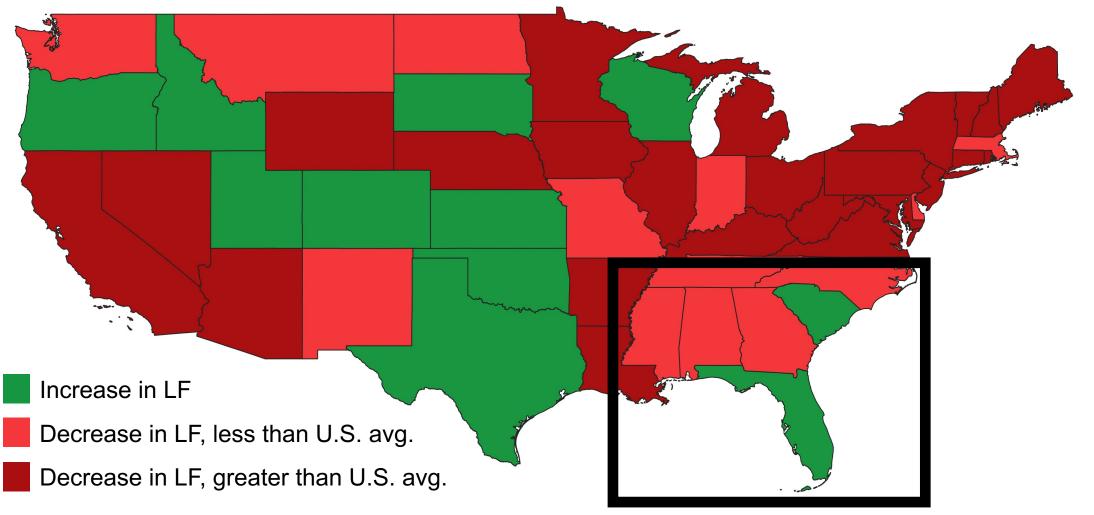
SOUTH CAROLINA LABOR FORCE



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics



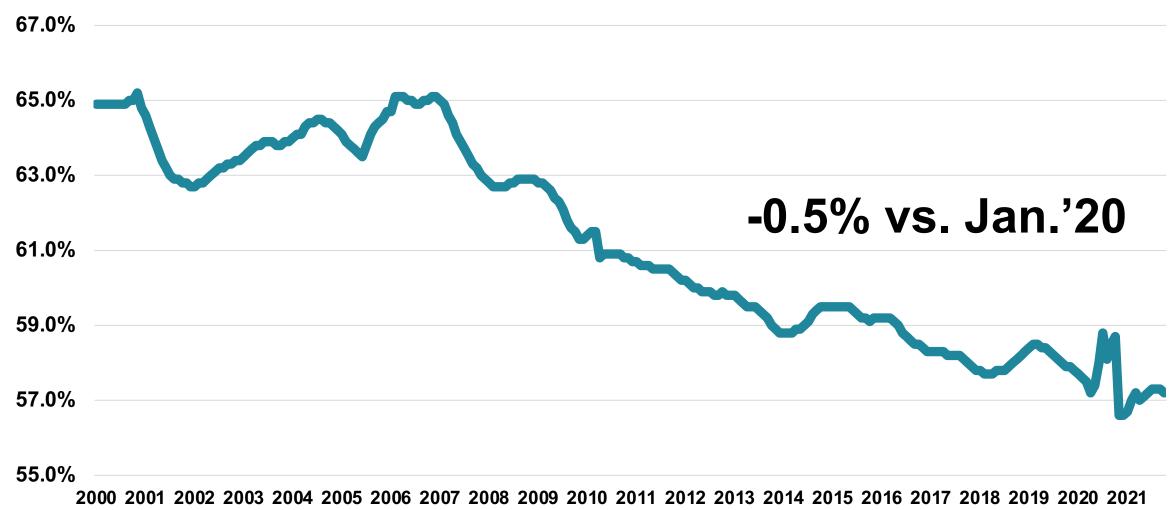
CURRENT SIZE OF LABOR FORCE RELATIVE TO FEB.'20



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, LAUS, Oct.'21



S.C. LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE



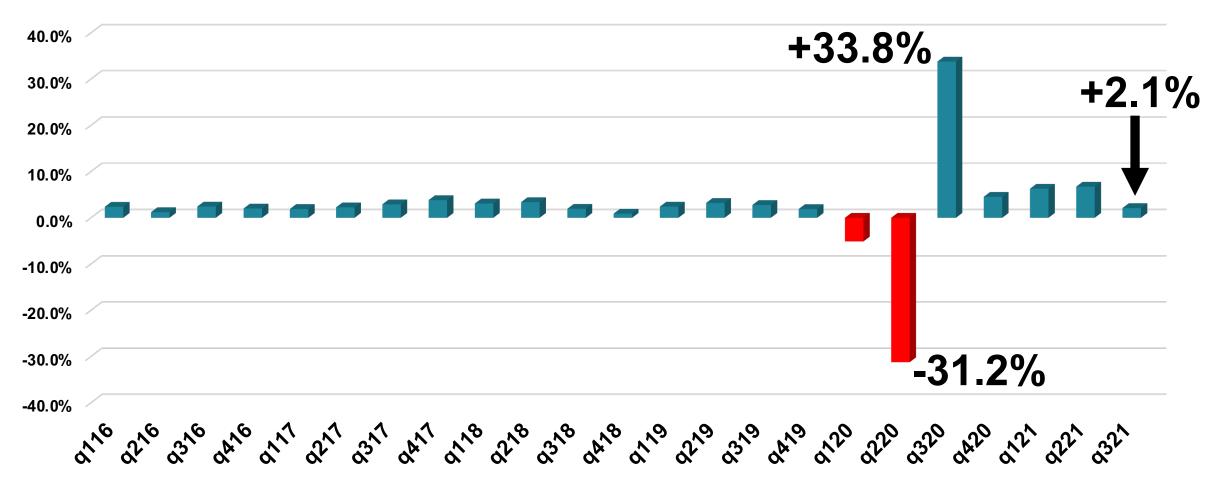
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics



SUPPLY AND DEMAND



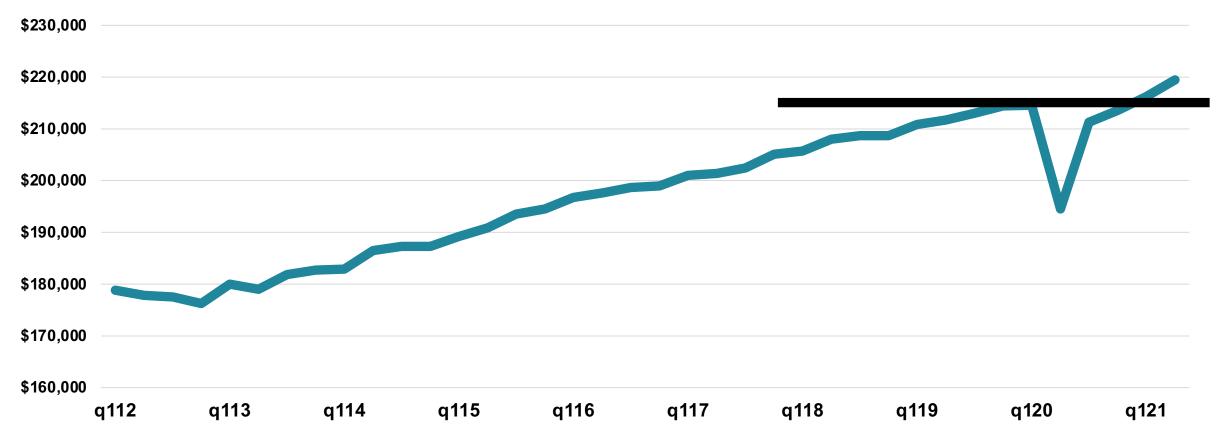
U.S. ANNUALIZED GDP GROWTH





SOUTH CAROLINA GDP LEVELS

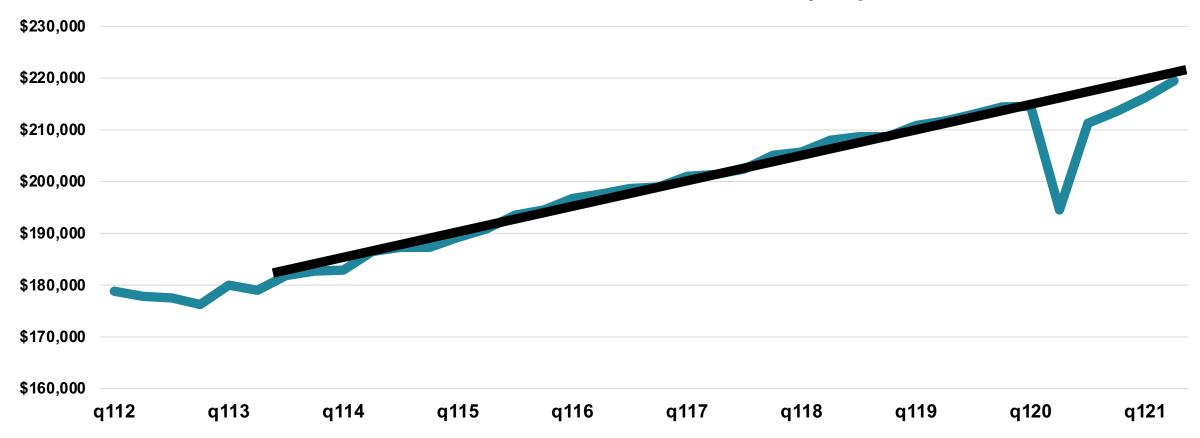
Real GDP Levels, Millions of Dollars, Seasonally Adjusted





SOUTH CAROLINA GDP LEVELS

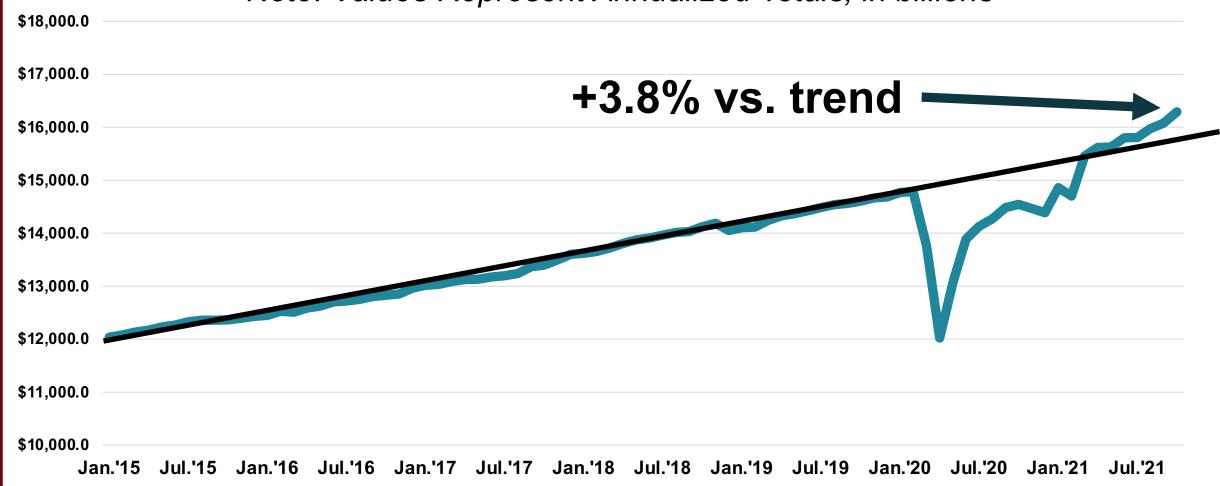
Real GDP Levels, Millions of Dollars, Seasonally Adjusted





TOTAL U.S. CONSUMER SPENDING

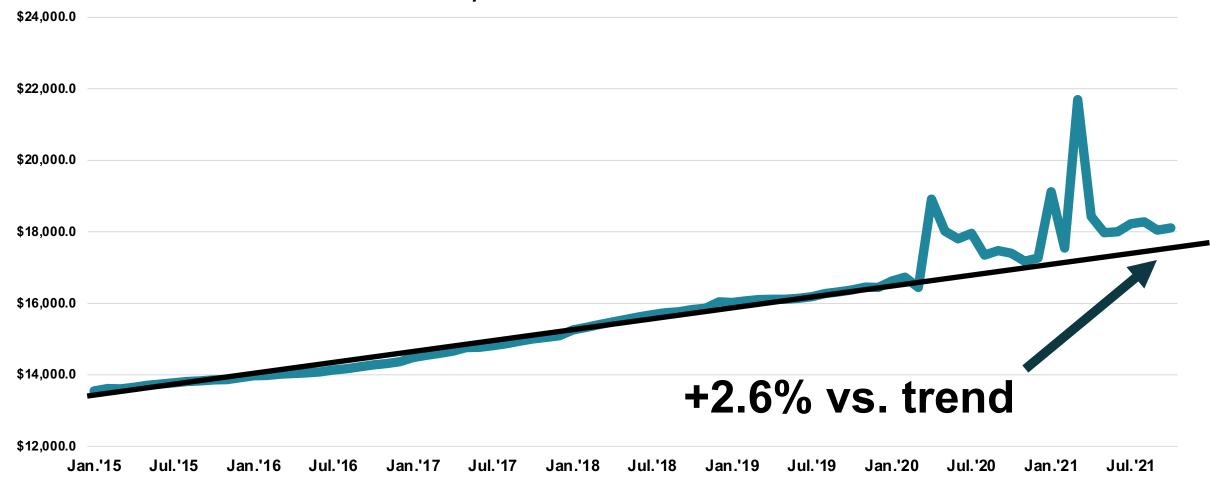
Note: Values Represent Annualized Totals, in billions





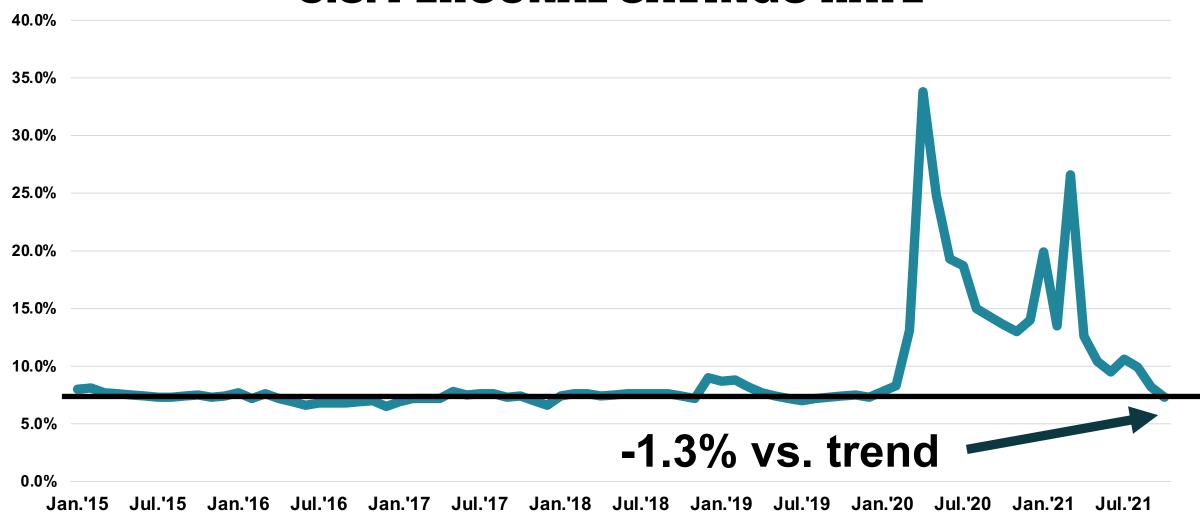
U.S. DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME

Note: Values Represent Annualized Totals, in billions



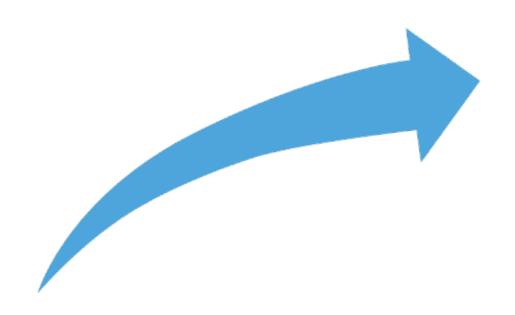


U.S. PERSONAL SAVINGS RATE





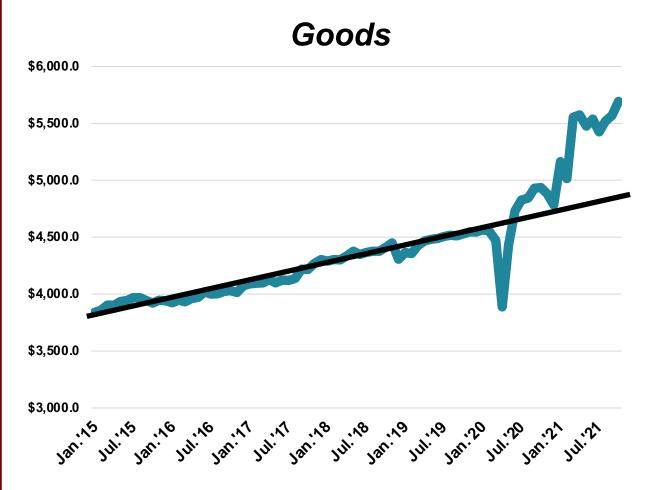
THE GROWTH RATE IN CONSUMER SPENDING MAY TAPER IN 2022

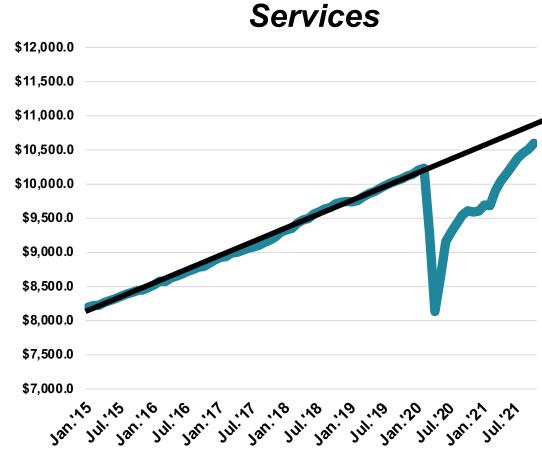




TOTAL U.S. CONSUMER SPENDING

Note: Values Represent Annualized Totals, in billions









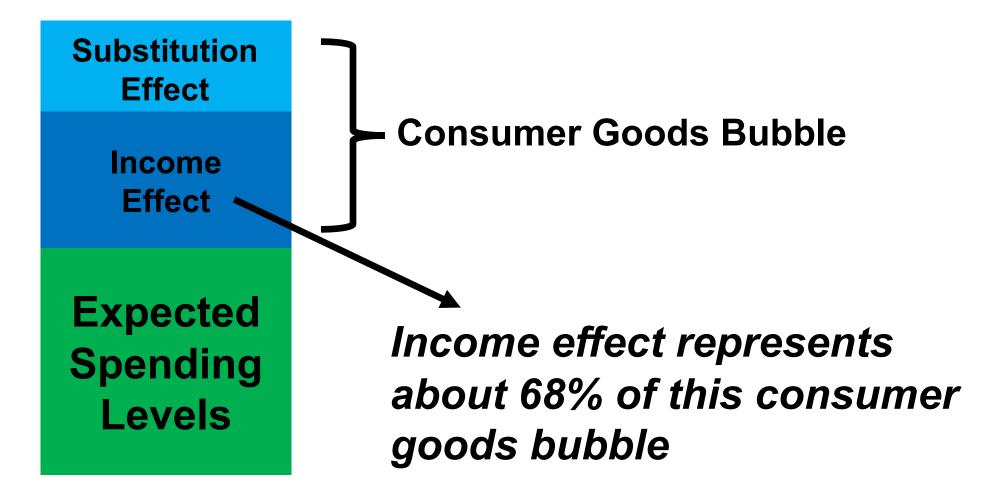
INCOME EFFECT

VS.

SUBSTITUTION EFFECT

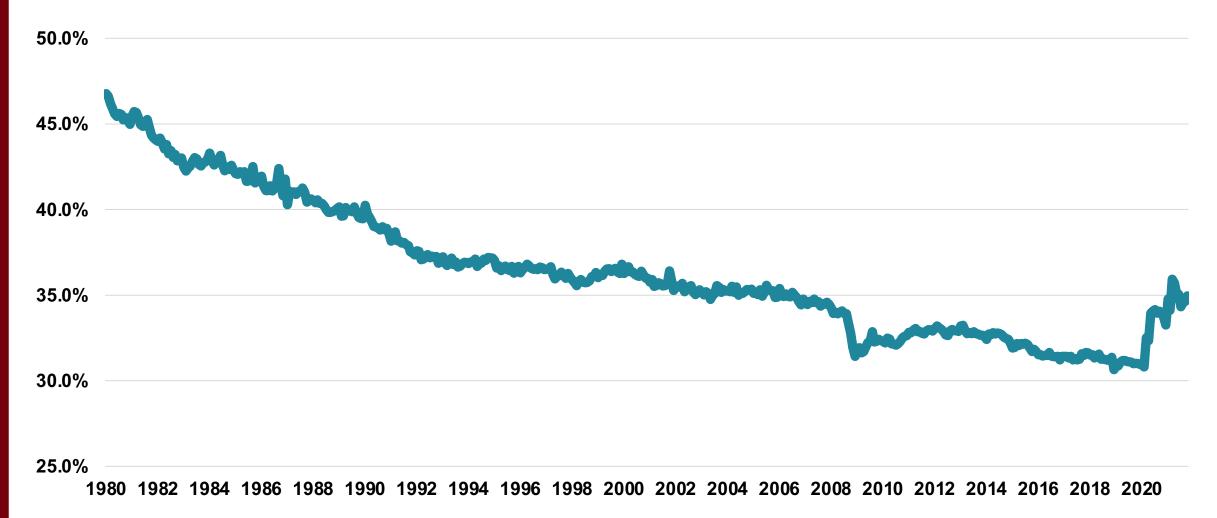


TOTAL U.S. CONSUMER SPENDING: ALL GOODS





GOODS AS PCT. OF TOTAL U.S. CONSUMER SPENDING







THREATS IN 2022 AND BEYOND



S.C.'S BIGGEST SHORT-RUN ECONOMIC THREAT

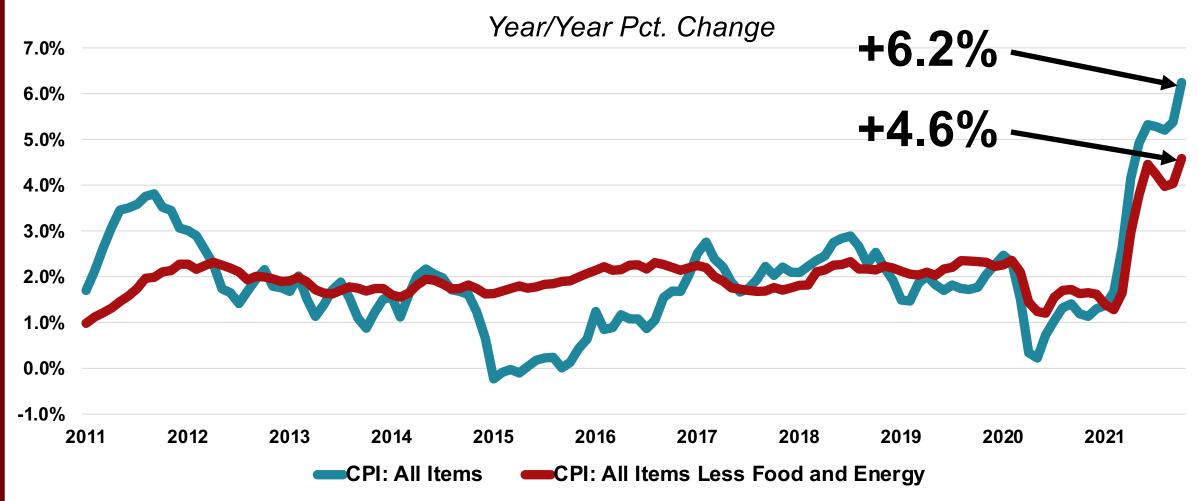
HIGH INFLATION

S.C.'S BIGGEST LONG-RUN ECONOMIC THREAT

ONGOING LABOR SHORTAGES



U.S. INFLATION MEASURES



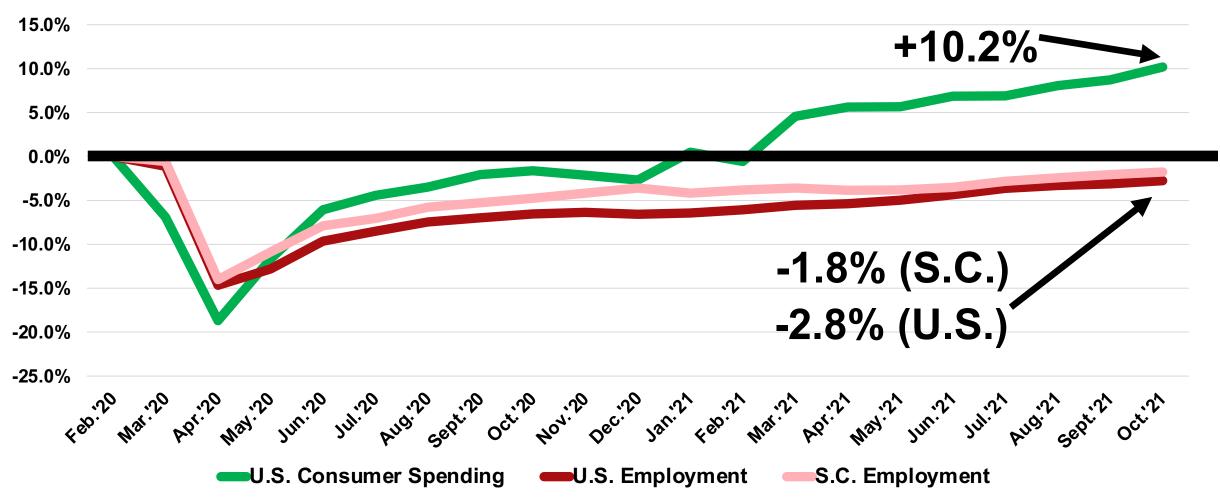




A MISMATCH OF SUPPLY AND DEMAND



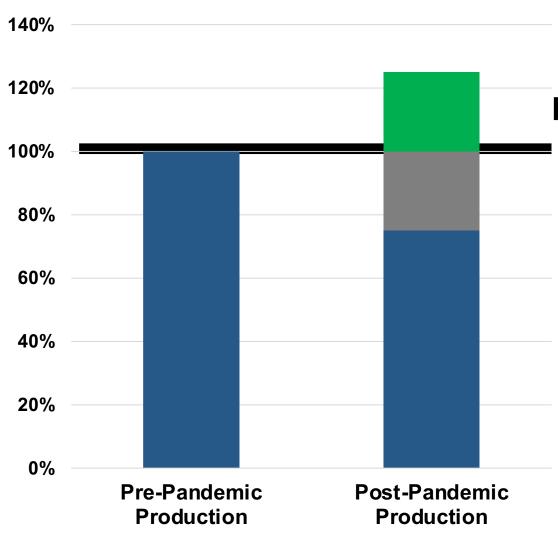
CUMULATIVE GROWTH SINCE FEB.'20



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics



SUPPLY SHORTAGES RESULT FROM MULTIPLE FACTORS

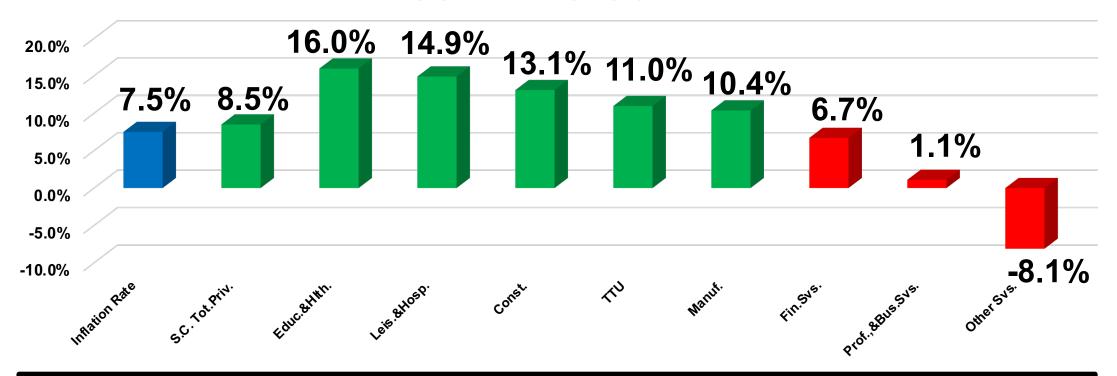


While labor shortages may limit a business' ability to resume pre-pandemic production levels (in grey) ...

...expanding to even higher production levels (in green) may require a higher volume of labor and capital than was being utilized before the pandemic.



S.C. WAGE GROWTH BY SECTOR & S.C. INFLATION RATE OCT.'21 VS. OCT.'19



Roughly 40.3% of the state's workforce has seen a loss in purchasing power since 2019 due to inflation



RAISING INTEREST RATES CAN IMPACT RECOVERY MOMENTUM



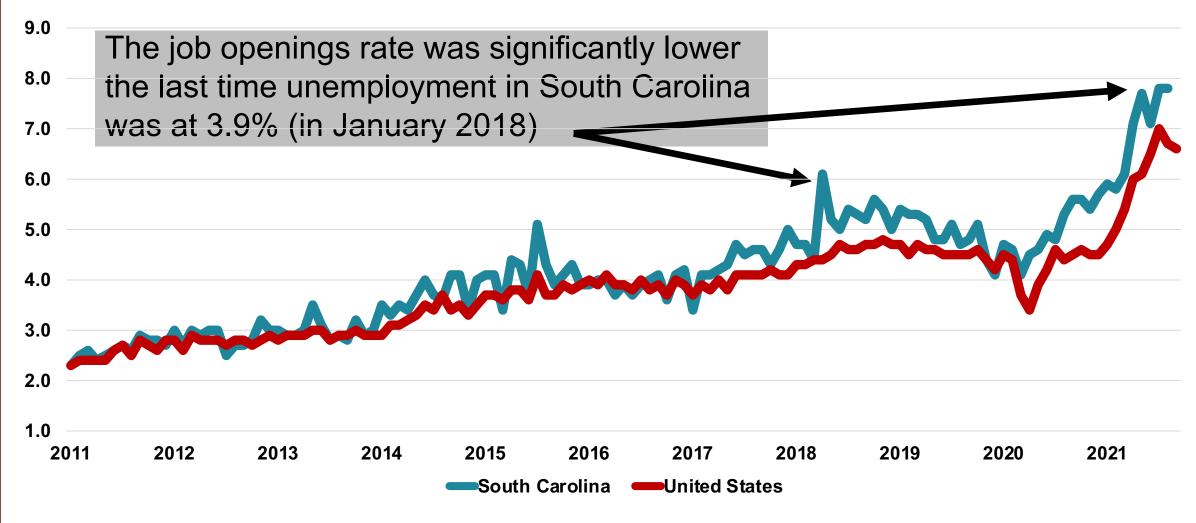


THE ONGOING LABOR SHORTAGE

IS THIS THE NEW NORMAL?



JOB OPENINGS RATE



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

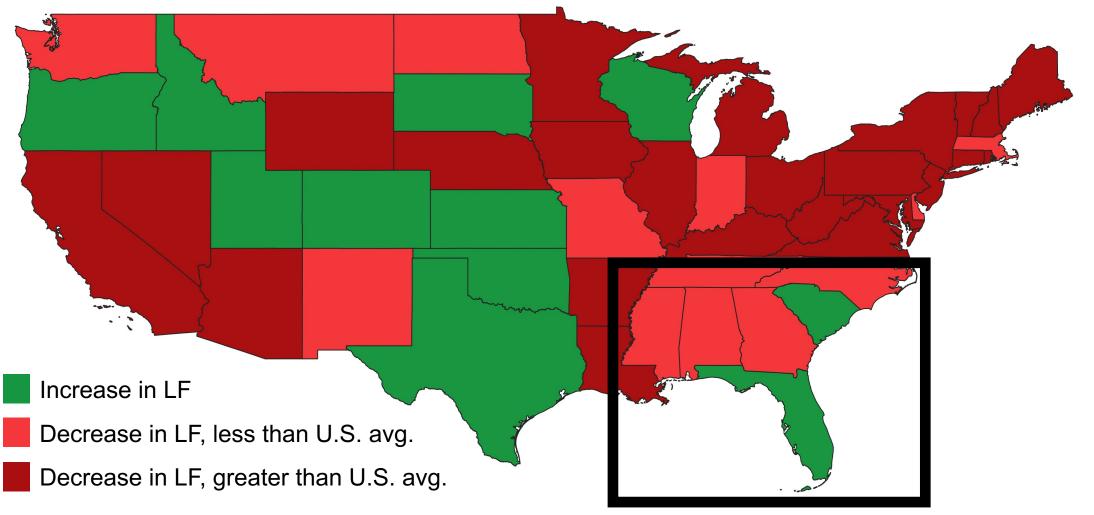


THE GREAT RESIGNATION IS NOT THE CAUSE OF THE LABOR SHORTAGE...

...IT IS THE <u>RESULT</u> OF THE LABOR SHORTAGE



CURRENT SIZE OF LABOR FORCE RELATIVE TO FEB.'20



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, LAUS, Oct.'21



SOUTHEAST NET MIGRATION RANKINGS: 2010-2019

State	Net Migration Percentage	Net Migration Ranking
Florida	+12.6%	2 nd
South Carolina	+10.3%	3 rd
North Carolina	+7.6%	10 th
Tennessee	+5.9%	13 th
Georgia	+5.3%	16 th
Alabama	+1.1%	25 th
Kentucky	+0.8%	28 th

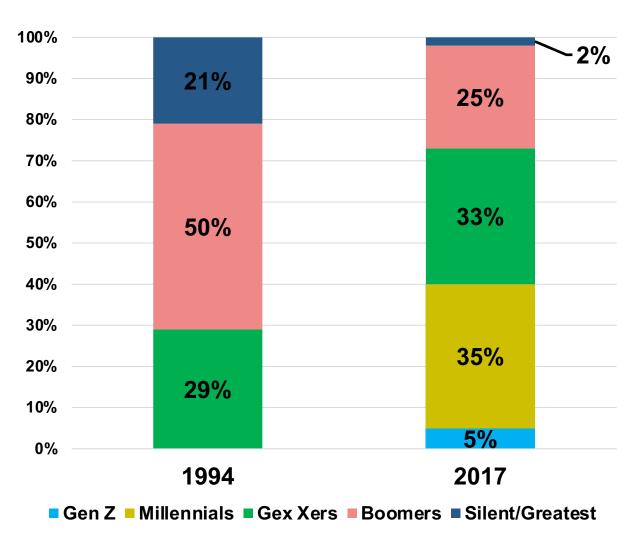


AN INCREASING WORKER DEFICIT

- APPROXIMATELY 68.8% OF IN-MIGRANTS TO SOUTH CAROLINA ARE OVER AGE 55, IMPLYING A 2:1 RATIO OF NEW "CONSUMERS" TO NEW "WORKERS"
- FOR EVERY INDIVIDUAL WHO MOVES TO SOUTH CAROLINA WHO
 IS OF PRIME WORKING AGE, TWO ADDITIONAL INDIVIDUALS ARE
 MOVING TO SOUTH CAROLINA WHO ARE OUTSIDE OF PRIME
 WORKING AGE



GENERATIONAL CHANGE



- Millennials became the largest generation in the labor force in 2016.
- Baby Boomer Generation went from 50% of the labor force in 1994 to 25% by 2017.
- The Census Bureau projects that the Millennial Population will peak at 75 million, which would require a labor force participation rate of 88% to reach the size of the peak Boomers.

Source: Pew Research Center



THE BOTTOM LINE

- South Carolina's economy has rebounded and is in a relatively strong position headed into 2022, barring any major disruptions from additional COVID-19 variants
- The income and substitution effects in consumer spending will continue to be leading indicators that will help reveal the evolving path of South Carolina's ongoing recovery and economic growth in the new year
- Inflation remains the biggest short-run economic threat to South Carolina, while the current labor shortage is more likely to be a long-run phenomenon that will be a defining challenge for South Carolina in the coming decade
- In order to experience rates of economic growth in the 2020's comparable to what was seen in the previous decade, South Carolina will likely need to focus on the high-growth potential tied to changes in the advanced manufacturing and transportation/distribution industry sectors



THANK YOU!

